UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Month of July 2015

1-15240 (Commission File Number)

JAMES HARDIE INDUSTRIES plc

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

Europa House, Second Floor Harcourt Centre Harcourt Street, Dublin 2, Ireland (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F ⊠ Form 40-F □

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Not Applicable

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Not Applicable

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Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 6-K contains forward-looking statements. James Hardie Industries plc (the "company") may from time to time make forward-looking statements in its periodic reports filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission, on Forms 20-F and 6-K, in its annual reports to shareholders, in offering circulars, invitation memoranda and prospectuses, in media releases and other written materials and in oral statements made by the company's officers, directors or employees to analysts, institutional investors, existing and potential lenders, representatives of the media and others. Statements that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements and such forward-looking statements made pursuant to the Safe Harbor Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Examples of forward-looking statements include:

- statements about the company's future performance;
- · projections of the company's results of operations or financial condition;
- statements regarding the company's plans, objectives or goals, including those relating to strategies, initiatives, competition, acquisitions, dispositions and/or its products;
- expectations concerning the costs associated with the suspension or closure of operations at any of the company's plants and future plans with respect to any such plants;
- expectations concerning the costs associated with the significant capital expenditure projects at any of the company's plants and future plans with respect to any such projects;
- · expectations regarding the extension or renewal of the company's credit facilities including changes to terms, covenants or ratios;
- expectations concerning dividend payments and share buy-backs;
- statements concerning the company's corporate and tax domiciles and structures and potential changes to them, including potential tax charges;
- · statements regarding tax liabilities and related audits, reviews and proceedings;
- expectations about the timing and amount of contributions to Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund (AICF), a special purpose fund for the compensation of proven Australian asbestos-related personal injury and death claims;
- · expectations concerning indemnification obligations;
- expectations concerning the adequacy of the company's warranty provisions and estimates for future warranty-related costs;
- statements regarding the company's ability to manage legal and regulatory matters (including but not limited to product liability, environmental, intellectual
 property and competition law matters) and to resolve any such pending legal and regulatory matters within current estimates and in anticipation of certain thirdparty recoveries; and
- statements about economic conditions, such as changes in the US economic or housing recovery or changes in the market conditions in the Asia Pacific region, the
 levels of new home construction and home renovations, unemployment levels, changes in consumer income, changes or stability in housing values, the availability
 of mortgages and other financing, mortgage and other interest rates, housing affordability and supply, the levels of foreclosures and home resales, currency
 exchange rates, and builder and consumer confidence.

Words such as "believe," "anticipate," "plan," "expect," "intend," "target," "estimate," "project," "predict," "forecast," "guideline," "aim," "will," "should," "likely," "continue," "may," "objective," "outlook" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements and all such forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the following cautionary statements.

Forward-looking statements are based on the company's current expectations, estimates and assumptions and because forward-looking statements address future results, events and conditions, they, by their very nature, involve inherent risks and uncertainties, many of which are unforeseeable and beyond the company's control. Such known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors may cause actual results, performance or other achievements to differ materially from the anticipated results, performance or achievements expressed, projected or implied by these forward-looking statements. These factors, some of which are discussed under "Risk Factors" in Section 3 of the Form 20-F filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on 21 May 2015, include, but are not limited to: all matters relating to or arising out of the prior manufacture of products that contained asbestos by current and former company subsidiaries; required contributions to AICF, any shortfall in AICF and the effect of currency exchange rate movements on the amount recorded in the company's financial statements as an asbestos liability; governmental loan facility to AICF; compliance with and changes in tax laws and treatments; competition and product pricing in the markets in which the company operates; the consequences of product failures or defects; exposure to environmental, asbestos, putative consumer class action or other legal proceedings; general economic and market conditions; the supply and cost of raw materials; possible increases in competition and the potential that competitors could copy the company's products; reliance on a small number of customers; a customer's inability to pay; compliance with and changes in environmental and health and safety laws; risks of conducting business internationally; compliance with and changes in laws and regulations; the effect of the transfer of the company's corporate domicile from the Netherlands to Ireland, including changes in corporate governance and any potential tax benefits related there

business segments; changes in the company's key management personnel; inherent limitations on internal controls; use of accounting estimates; and all other risks identified in the company's reports filed with Australian, Irish and US securities agencies and exchanges (as appropriate). The company cautions you that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive and that other risks and uncertainties may cause actual results to differ materially from those referenced in the company's forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made and are statements of the company's current expectations concerning future results, events and conditions. The company assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements or information except as required by law.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Appendix 3B ASX 30 June 2015
99.2	Appendix 3E ASX 2 July 2015
99.3	Appendix 3E ASX 3 July 2015
99.4	Investor Roadshow Presentation July 2015

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

James Hardie Industries plc

Date: 6 July 2015 By: \(\frac{\sl}{\sl} \) Natasha Mercer

Natasha Mercer Company Secretary

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Appendix 3B ASX 30 June 2015
99.2	Appendix 3E ASX 2 July 2015
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99.4	Investor Roadshow Presentation July 2015

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 01/07/96 Origin: Appendix 5 Amended 01/07/98 01/09/99 01/07/00 30/09/01 11/03/02 01/01/03 24/10/05 01/08/12 04/03/13

muouu	ced 01/07/90 Origin. Appendix 5 Amended 01/07/96, 01/07/99, 01/07/00, 50/09/0	51, 11/03/02, 01/01/03, 24/10/03, 01/00/12, 04/03/13
Name o	of entity	
James l	Hardie Industries plc	
A DNI		
ABN 097 829	9 895 Incorporated in Ireland. The liability of members is limited.	
We (the	e entity) give ASX the following information.	
Part 1	- All issues	
Үои ти	st complete the relevant sections (attach sheets if there is not enough space).	
1	+Class of +securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary shares/CUFS issued on vesting of Restricted Stock Units (RSUs).
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	RSUs vesting: 1,496 ordinary shares/CUFS.
3	Principal terms of the +securities (e.g. if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid +securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if +convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	RSUs vesting: 1,496 ordinary shares/CUFS issued on vesting of RSUs.

4	Do the +securities rank equally in all respects from the +issue date with an existing +class of quoted +securities?	RSUs vesting: Yes, rank equally with issued ordinary shares/CUFS.
	If the additional +securities do not rank equally, please state:	
	the date from which they do	
	• the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment	
	the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment	
5	Issue price or consideration	RSUs vesting: No amount payable.
6	Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)	Vesting of RSUs
6a	Is the entity an ⁺ eligible entity that has obtained security holder approval under rule 7.1A?	No
	If Yes, complete sections $6b - 6h$ in relation to the $+securities$ the subject of this <i>Appendix 3B</i> , and comply with section $6i$	
6b	The date the security holder resolution under rule 7.1A was passed	Not applicable
6c	Number of +securities issued without security holder approval under rule 7.1	Not applicable
6d	Number of +securities issued with security holder approval under rule 7.1A	Not applicable

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⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

6e	Number of +securities issued with security holder approval under rule 7.3, or another specific security holder approval (specify date of meeting)	Not applicable	-
6f	Number of +securities issued under an exception in rule 7.2	Not applicable	
6g	If +securities issued under rule 7.1A, was issue price at least 75% of 15 day VWAP as calculated under rule 7.1A.3? Include the +issue date and both values. Include the source of the VWAP calculation.	Not applicable	
6h	If +securities were issued under rule 7.1A for non-cash consideration, state date on which valuation of consideration was released to ASX Market Announcements	Not applicable	
6i	Calculate the entity's remaining issue capacity under rule 7.1 and rule 7.1 A $-$ complete Annexure 1 and release to ASX Market Announcements	Not applicable	
7	⁺ Issue dates	30 June 2015	
	Note: The issue date may be prescribed by ASX (refer to the definition of issue date in rule 19.12). For example, the issue date for a pro rata entitlement issue must comply with the applicable timetable in Appendix 7A.		
	Cross reference: item 33 of Appendix 3B.		
		Number	+Class
8	Number and +class of all +securities quoted on ASX (including the +securities in section 2 if applicable)	445,833,736	Ordinary shares/CUFS
		h	

		2,059 RSUs have been cancelled.
		No Stock Options have been cancelled.
10	Dividend policy (in the case of a trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests)	RSUs vested: Ordinary shares/CUFS issued on vesting of RSUs rank for dividends equally with issued ordinary shares/CUFS.
Part 2	- Pro rata issue	
11	Is security holder approval required?	Not applicable
12	Is the issue renounceable or non-renounceable?	Not applicable
13	Ratio in which the +securities will be offered	Not applicable
14	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities to which the offer relates	Not applicable
15	⁺ Record date to determine entitlements	Not applicable
16	Will holdings on different registers (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements?	Not applicable
17	Policy for deciding entitlements in relation to fractions	Not applicable

Number

360,213 4,004,446 +Class

Options Restricted Stock Units

Number and +class of all +securities not quoted on ASX (including the +securities in section 2 if applicable)

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⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

18	Names of countries in which the entity has security holders who will not be sent new offer documents	Not applicable
	Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with.	
	Cross reference: rule 7.7.	
19	Closing date for receipt of acceptances or renunciations	Not applicable
20	Names of any underwriters	Not applicable
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	Not applicable
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	Not applicable
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	Not applicable
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of security holders	Not applicable
25	If the issue is contingent on security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	Not applicable
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and offer documents will be sent to persons entitled	Not applicable
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	Not applicable
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	Not applicable
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	Not applicable

30	How do	o security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	Not applicable	
31		o security holders sell <i>part</i> of their entitlements through a broker and for the balance?	Not applicable	
32	How do	o security holders dispose of their entitlements (except by sale through a)?	Not applicable	
33	+Issue	date	Not applicable	
	•	ion of securities		
<i>You ne</i>	ea only c	omplete this section if you are applying for quotation of securities		
34	Type o	of +securities one)		
(a)	X	+Securities described in Part 1		
(b)		All other +securities		
		Example: restricted securities at the end of the escrowed period, partly restriction ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible	paid securities that become fully paid, employee incentive share securities when e securities	
Entitie	es that ha	ive ticked box 34(a)		
Additi	onal secu	urities forming a new class of securities		
Tick to	indicate	you are providing the information or documents		
35		If the +securities are +equity securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the additional+securities, and the number and percentage of additional+securities held by those holders		
36		If the *securities are *equity securities, a distribution schedule of the additional*securities setting out the number of holders in the categories 1 - 1,000 1,001 - 5,000 5,001 - 10,000 10,001 - 100,000 100,001 and over		
37		A copy of any trust deed for the additional+securities		

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⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entitie	s that have ticked box 34(b)		
38	Number of +securities for which +quotation is sought		
39	+Class of +securities for which quotation is sought		
40	Do the +securities rank equally in all respects from the +issue date with an existing +class of quoted +securities?		
	If the additional +securities do not rank equally, please state:		
	the date from which they do		
	• the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment		
	• the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment		
41	Reason for request for quotation now		
	Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period		
	(if issued upon conversion of another+security, clearly identify that other +security)		
		Number	+Class
42	Number and +class of all +securities quoted on ASX (including the +securities in clause 38)		

Quotation agreement

- 1 +Quotation of our additional +securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the+securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the +securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those+securities should not be granted +quotation.
 - An offer of the +securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

 Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty
 - Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
 - If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the securities be quoted.
- 3 We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document is not available now, we will give it to ASX before quotation of the +securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:	/s/ Natasha Mercer	Date: 30 June 2015	
	Company Secretary		
Print name:	Natasha Mercer		
		== == == ==	
	2 1 2 1		

+ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

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Rule 3.8A

Appendix 3E

Daily share buy-back notice (except minimum holding buy-back and selective buy-back)

Injorma	uion ana aocumenis given io ASA become ASA s property ana may be made public.		
Name of	entity		ABN/ARSN
James Hardie Industries plc			097 829 895
We (the	entity) give ASX the following information.		
Inform	ation about buy-back		
1	Type of buy-back	On-market buy-back	
2	Date Appendix 3C was given to ASX	21 May 2015 (Associated Appendix 3D dated 11 Jun	ne 2015)
Total o	f all shares/units bought back, or in relation to which acceptances have been rec	eived, before, and on, previous day	
		Before previous day	Previous day
3	Number of shares/units bought back or if buy-back is an equal access scheme, in relation to which acceptances have been received	0	93,306
4	Total consideration paid or payable for the shares/units	0	\$1,662,480

Appendix 3E Daily share buy-back notice

5 If buy-back is an on-market buy-back

Before previous day	Previous day	
0	Highest price paid: \$18.04	
	Lowest price paid: \$17.30	
	Highest price allowed under rule 7.33: \$18.5332	

How many shares/units may still be bought back?

6 If the company/trust has disclosed an intention to buy back a maximum number of shares/units – the remaining number of shares/units to be bought back

22,190,727		

Compliance statement

- 1. The company is in compliance with all Corporations Act requirements relevant to this buy-back.
- 2. There is no information that the listing rules require to be disclosed that has not already been disclosed, or is not contained in, or attached to, this form.

or, for trusts only:

- 1. The trust is in compliance with all requirements of the Corporations Act as modified by Class Order 07/422, and of the trust's constitution, relevant to this buy-back.
- 2. There is no information that the listing rules require to be disclosed that has not already been disclosed, or is not contained in, or attached to, this form.

Sign here: /s/ Natasha Mercer Date: 2 July 2015

(Company secretary)

Print name: Natasha Mercer

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Rule 3.8A

Appendix 3E

Daily share buy-back notice (except minimum holding buy-back and selective buy-back)

Inform	tion and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.		
Name of entity			ABN/ARSN
James Hardie Industries plc			097 829 895
We (the	e entity) give ASX the following information.		
Inform	ation about buy-back		
1	Type of buy-back	On-market buy-back	
2	Date Appendix 3C was given to ASX	21 May 2015 (Associated Appendix 3D dated 11 June 2015)	
Total o	f all shares/units bought back, or in relation to which acceptances have been rec	eived, before, and on, previous day	
		Before previous day	Previous day
3	Number of shares/units bought back or if buy-back is an equal access scheme, in relation to which acceptances have been received	93,306	135,864
4	Total consideration paid or payable for the shares/units	\$1,662,480	\$2,484,708
			•

Appendix 3E Daily share buy-back notice

5 If buy-back is an on-market buy-back

Before previous day	Previous day	
Highest price paid: \$18.04	Highest price paid: \$18.38	
Lowest price paid: \$17.30	Lowest price paid: \$17.85	
	Highest price allowed under rule 7.33: \$18.4174	

How many shares/units may still be bought back?

6 If the company/trust has disclosed an intention to buy back a maximum number of shares/units – the remaining number of shares/units to be bought back

22,054,863			

Compliance statement

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Sign here: /s/ Natasha Mercer Date: 3 July 2015

(Company secretary)

Print name: Natasha Mercer

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INVESTOR PRESENTATION

JULY 2015

DISCLAIMER

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

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- expectations concerning the costs associated with the significant capital expenditure projects at any of the company's plants and future plans with respect to any such projects;
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- · expectations concerning indemnification obligations;
- expectations concerning the adequacy of the company's warranty provisions and estimates for future warranty-related costs;
- statements regarding the company's ability to manage legal and regulatory matters (including but not limited to product liability, environmental, intellectual property and competition law matters) and to resolve any such pending legal and regulatory matters within current estimates and in anticipation of certain third-party recoveries; and
- statements about economic conditions, such as changes in the US economic or housing recovery or changes in the market conditions in the
 Asia Pacific region, the levels of new home construction and home renovations, unemployment levels, changes in consumer income, changes
 or stability in housing values, the availability of mortgages and other financing, mortgage and other interest rates, housing affordability and
 supply, the levels of foreclosures and home resales, currency exchange rates, and builder and consumer confidence.



DISCLAIMER (continued)

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AGENDA

- Global Strategy and Business Overview
- USA & Europe Fiber Cement
- Asia Pacific Fiber Cement
- Capital Management Framework
- Group Outlook and Guidance
- Appendix

In this Investor Presentation, the company may present financial measures, sales volume terms, financial ratios, and Non-US GAAP financial measures included in the Definitions and other terms section of this document. The company presents financial measures that it believes are customarily used by its Australian investors. Specifically, these financial measures, which are equivalent to or derived from certain US GAAP measures as explained in the definitions, include "EBIT", "EBIT margin", "Operating profit before income taxes" and "Net operating profit". The company may also present other terms for measuring its sales volume ("million square feet" or "mmsf" and "thousand square feet" or "msf"); financial ratios ("Gearing ratio", "Net interest expense cover", "Net interest paid cover", "Net debt payback", "Net debt (cash)"); and Non-US GAAP financial measures ("Adjusted EBIT", "Adjusted EBIT margin", "Adjusted net operating profit", "Adjusted diluted earnings per share", "Adjusted operating profit before income taxes", "Adjusted effective tax rate on earnings", "Adjusted EBITDA", and "Adjusted selling, general and administrative expenses". Unless otherwise stated, results and comparisons are of the fourth quarter and full year of the current fiscal year versus the fourth quarter and full year of the prior fiscal year.



GLOBAL STRATEGY

Industry Leadership and Profitable Growth

- Introduce differentiated products to deliver a sustainable competitive advantage
- Aggressively grow demand for our products in targeted market segments



James Hardie

A GROWTH FOCUSED COMPANY







- Annual net sales US\$1.66b
- Total assets US\$2.0b
- Strong cash generation
- Operations in North America, Asia Pacific and Europe
- 3,178 employees
- Market cap US\$6.3b (approx)
- S&P/ASX 100 company
- NYSE ADR listing

Market capitalization as at 24 June 2015. Total assets and employees as at 31 March 2015. Annual net sales for full year ended 31 March 2015. Total assets exclude asbestos compensation



GROUP OVERVIEW

Three Months and Full Year Ended 31 March						
	Q4'15	Q4'14	Change	FY15	FY14	Change
Adjusted EBIT (US\$ millions)	80.8	57.4	41%	304.0	252.8	20%
Adjusted EBIT Margin %	19.6	15.3	4.3 pts	18.3	16.9	1.4 pts
Adjusted Net Operating Profit (US\$ millions)	57.3	45.3	26%	221.4	197.2	12%
Net operating cash flow (US\$ million)				179.5	322.8	(44)%
Adjusted Diluted EPS (US cents)	13	10		50	44	



James Hardie

FY15 AND Q4 RESULTS - KEY THEMES

- Group net sales increased 9% and 11% for the quarter and full year, respectively, compared to pcp¹
- **Group adjusted net operating profit** increased US\$12.0 million to US\$57.3 million for the quarter and US\$24.2 million to US\$221.4 million for the full year, when compared to pcp¹
- Announced dividends of a second half ordinary for US27.0 cents per security and a fiscal year 2015 special dividend of US22.0 cents per security
- Higher volumes and average net sales price across our USA and Europe and Asia Pacific Fiber Cement segments
- Results driven by strong primary demand growth and the continued focus across our plants on operational management and cost management across the Company
- Our full year USA and Europe Fiber Cement segment **EBIT margin** came in at 22.4% compared to 21.0% in the pcp, within our target range of 20% to 25%
- Continuing to invest in high-return organic growth by:
 - Investing in capacity expansion across our US and Australian businesses
 - Investing in primary demand growth programs and organizational capability

¹ Prior corresponding period(s)

James Hardie

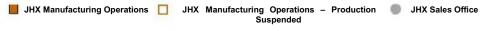
WORLD LEADER IN FIBER CEMENT



TACOMA CHICAGO RENO FONTANA MISSION VIEJO FONTANA WAXAHACHIE CLEBURNE PLANT CITY

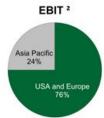
Asia Pacific





Geographic Mix¹





² EBIT – excludes research and development, asbestos-related items, New Zealand weathertightness claims and non-recurring stamp duty



¹ All percentages are for the full year ended 31 March 2015

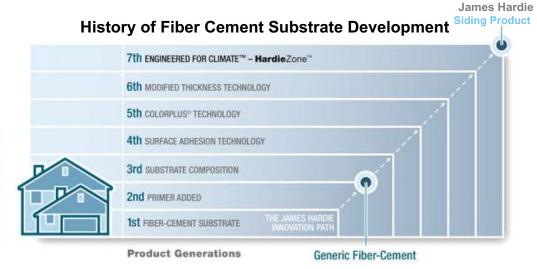
CREATING A SUSTAINABLE AND DIFFERENTIATED ADVANTAGE

Research & Development: Significant and consistent investment

- US\$31.7m spent on Research & Development in FY15
- US\$394.8m spent on Research & Development since 2000







James Hardie

DELIVERING SUPERIOR PRODUCT PERFORMANCE

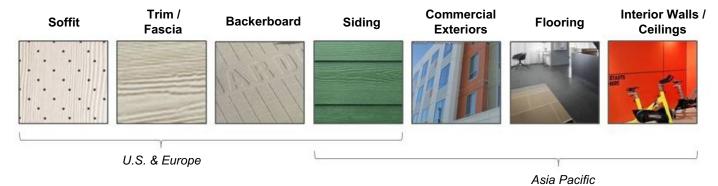
Fiber cement is more durable than wood and engineered wood, looks and performs better than vinyl, and is more cost effective and quicker to build with than brick



James Hardie

BUILDING A PORTFOLIO OF PRODUCTS AND BRANDS

Primary Products



Brand Portfolio









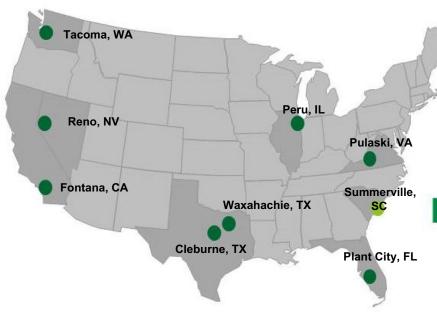




James Hardie

USA AND EUROPE FIBER CEMENT SEGMENT

USA Plant Locations



- Largest fiber cement producer in North America
- · 2,267 employees
- 9 manufacturing plants¹
- 2 research and development facilities

	FY15	FY14
Net Sales	US\$1,277m	US\$1,128m
EBIT	US\$286m	US\$237m
EBIT Margin (US\$)	22.4%	21.0%

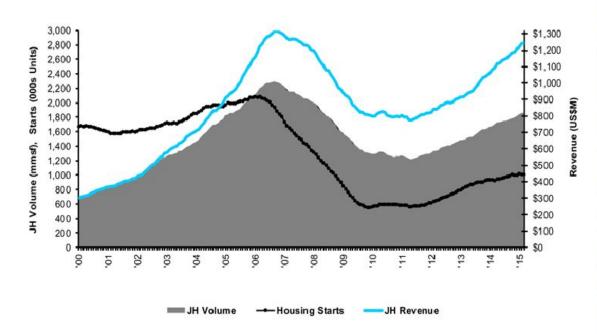
¹ Production was suspended at the Summerville plant in November 2008



AGGRESSIVELY GROWING DEMAND FOR OUR PRODUCTS

USA Fiber Cement

Top Line Growth











Rolling 12 month average of seasonally adjusted estimate of housing starts by US Census Bureau

James Hardie

ACHIEVING THE RIGHT VALUE FOR OUR PRODUCTS







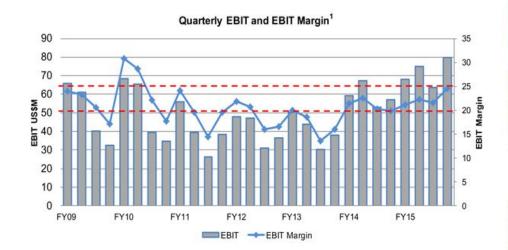
USA and Europe Fiber Cement



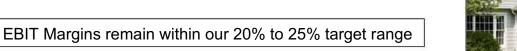
Executing on pricing strategy ... ~4% increase realized in FY15

James Hardie

USA AND EUROPE: DELIVERING STRONG RETURNS







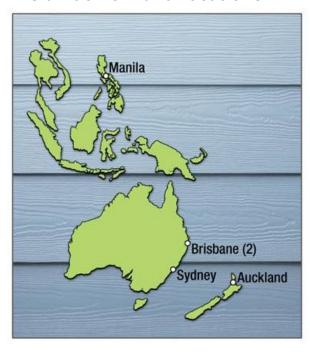


¹ Excludes asset impairment charges of US\$14.3 million in 4th quarter FY12, US\$5.8 million in 3rd quarter FY13 and US\$11.1 million in 4th quarter FY13



ASIA PACIFIC FIBER CEMENT SEGMENT

Asia Pacific Plant Locations



- 941 employees
- 5 manufacturing plants across Australia, New Zealand and the Philippines
- 1 research and development facility

	FY15	FY14
Net Sales	A\$435m	A\$392m
EBIT	A\$103m	A\$89m
EBIT Margin (A\$)	23.6%	22.6%

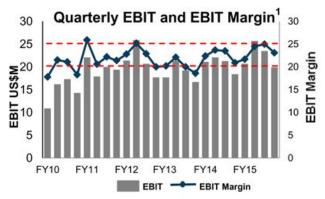
EBIT and EBIT margin excludes New Zealand weathertightness claims



ASIA PACIFIC: DELIVERING STRONG RETURNS

Asia Pacific Fiber Cement Segment













¹ EBIT and EBIT margin excludes New Zealand weathertightness claims

James Hardie

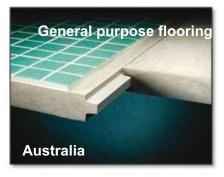
TARGETTING THE RIGHT PRODUCT INTO THE RIGHT MARKET

Asia Pacific Core Markets









James Hardie

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORTING GROWTH

- Strong Financial Management
 - Strong margins and operating cash flows
 - Strong governance and transparency
 - Investment-grade financial management

- 2 Disciplined Capital Allocation
- Investing in R&D and capacity expansion to support organic growth
- Maintain ordinary dividends within the defined payout ratio
- Flexibility for:
 - Accretive and strategic inorganic opportunities
 - Withstand market cycles
 - Consider further shareholder returns when appropriate

- 3 Liquidity and Funding
 - ~\$590 million of bank facilities, 64% liquidity as of Q4'15
 - 2.4 year weighted average maturity of bank facilities
 - Completed the sale of US\$325 million 8 year
 5.875% senior unsecured notes
 - Conservative leveraging of balance sheet within 1-2 times adjusted EBITDA target

Financial management consistent with an investment grade credit. Ability to withstand market cycles and other unanticipated events.

James Hardie

FY16 KEY PLANNING ASSUMPTIONS

US & Europe Fiber Cement

- Fiscal year 2016 addressable markets broadly in line with fiscal year 2015 growth rates, with some improvement in the US new construction compared to fiscal year 2015 ¹
- McGraw Hill Construction US Residential Starts forecasted to be between 1.1 million and 1.2 million ²
- Repair and Remodel Market continues to grow between 3% and 4% compared to prior corresponding period
- Input costs expected to be broadly flat in fiscal year 2016, though commodity prices remain highly variable
- Average sales price expected to rise between 2% and 3%, subject to changes in product mix
- Segment EBIT margins within target range of 20% to 25%

Asia Pacific Fiber Cement

 Asia Pacific businesses will continue to deliver improved results in line with growth in the local housing and alterations and additions markets of the regions in which we operate

Balance Sheet

 Conservative leveraging of balance sheet. Gearing to be within 1-2 times adjusted EBITDA, with corresponding interest expense

¹ Addressable starts reflect multi-family low and single family homes. It excludes multi-family high.

² FY15 new construction starts were 1.0 million.





KEY RATIOS

	Full Year Ended 31 March				
	2015	2014	2013		
EPS (Diluted) ¹ (US Cents)	50c	44c	32c		
Dividend Paid per share	88c	45c	43c		
Return on Shareholders' Funds ¹	14.6%	48.1%	34.9%		
Return on Capital Employed ²	28.6%	23.8%	17.2%		
EBIT/ Sales (Adjusted EBIT margin) ²	18.3%	16.9%	13.7%		
Gearing Ratio ¹	20.5%	(19.4%)	(12.9%)		
Net Interest Expense Cover ²	34.2x	63.2x	39.3x		
Net Interest Paid Cover ²	66.1x	-	-		
Net Debt Payback	1.0x	-	-		

¹ Excludes asbestos adjustments, AICF SG&A expenses, AICF interest income, New Zealand weathertightness claims, tax adjustments and non-recurring stamp duty

² Excludes asbestos adjustments, AICF SG&A expenses, New Zealand weathertightness claims and non-recurring stamp duty



USA AND EUROPE FIBER CEMENT – 5 YEAR RESULTS OVERVIEW

	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15
Net Sales US\$m	814	862	951	1,128	1,277
Sales Volume mmsf	1,248	1,332	1,489	1,697	1,850
Average Price US\$ per msf ²	648	642	626	652	675
EBIT US\$m ¹	160	163	163	237	286
EBIT Margin % ¹	20	19	17	21	22

¹Excludes asset impairment charges of US\$14.3 million and US\$16.9 million in FY12 and FY13, respectively

²During the second quarter of FY14, the company refined its methodology for calculating average net sales price in both the USA and Europe and Asia Pacific Fiber Cement segments to exclude ancillary products that have no impact on fiber cement sales volume, which is measured and reported in mmsf. As the revenue contribution of these ancillary products has been increasing, the company believes the refined methodology provides an improved disclosure of average net sales price, in line with the company's primary fibre cement business, which is a key segment performance indicator. The company has restated average net sales price in the prior periods to conform with the current calculation of average net sales price.



ASIA PACIFIC FIBER CEMENT - 5 YEAR RESULTS OVERVIEW

	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15
Net Sales US\$m	353	376	370	366	380
Sales Volume mmsf	408	392	394	417	456
Average Price A\$ per msf ¹	906	906	901	930	942
EBIT US\$m ²	79	86	75	83	90
EBIT Margin % ²	23	23	20	23	24

¹ During the second quarter of FY14, the company refined its methodology for calculating average net sales price in both the USA and Europe and Asia Pacific Fiber Cement segments to exclude ancillary products that have no impact on fiber cement sales volume, which is measured and reported in mmsf. As the revenue contribution of these ancillary products has been increasing, the company believes the refined methodology provides an improved disclosure of average net sales price, in line with the company's primary fiber cement business, which is a key segment performance indicator. The company has restated average net sales price in the prior periods to conform with the current calculation of average net sales price.

² Excludes New Zealand weathertightness claims of US\$5.4 million , US\$13.2 million , US\$1.8 million and US\$4.3 million in FY12, FY13, FY14 and FY15, respectively



RESULTS FOR THE 4th QUARTER

Three Months Ended 31 March			
US\$ Millions	Q4 '15	Q4 '14	% Change
Net sales	411.3	376.4	9
Gross profit	152.5	125.5	22
SG&A expenses	(68.8)	(61.9)	(11
Research & development expenses	(7.6)	(8.0)	5
Asbestos adjustments	(63.5)	(322.0)	80
EBIT	12.6	(266.4)	
Net interest expense	(4.0)	(0.4)	
Other (expense) income	(1.0)	1.2	
Income tax benefit	20.1	78.8	
Net operating profit	27.7	(186.8)	

Summary

Net sales increased 9%, favorably impacted by:

- · Higher sales volumes
- Higher average net sales prices in local currencies in both the USA and Europe and Asia Pacific Fiber Cement segments

Gross profit margin increased 380 bps impacted by:

- · Economies of scale through increased volume
- · Improved plant performance
- · Higher average net sales price in the USA and Europe
- · Partially offset by higher input costs

SG&A expenses increased primarily due to:

- · Higher compensation and discretionary expenses
- Higher realized losses on foreign currency transactions caused by the strengthening of the US dollar

Non-operating expenses:

- · Interest expense increased related to our debt position
- Income tax benefit decreased primarily driven by a reduction in the unfavorable asbestos adjustments compared to the prior corresponding quarter



RESULTS FOR THE 4th QUARTER (continued)

Three Months Ended 31 March				
US\$ Millions	Q4 '15	Q4 '14	% Change	
Net operating profit (loss)	27.7	(186.8)		
Asbestos:				
Asbestos adjustments	63.5	322.0	80	
Other asbestos ¹	0.2	0.2	-	
New Zealand weathertightness claims	(0.1)	1.1		
Non-recurring stamp duty	4.2	-		
Asbestos and other tax adjustments	(38.2)	(91.2)		
Adjusted net operating profit	57.3	45.3	26	

Summary

Asbestos adjustments reflects:

- A US\$111.3 million unfavorable movement in the underlying actuarial valuation
- Offset by a US\$47.8 million favorable exchange rate difference as the AUD/USD exchange rate decreased 7% compared to a 3% increase in the pcp

The New Zealand weathertightness benefit reflects:

- · Favorable claims settlements
- A higher rate of claim resolution, fewer open claims and a continued reduction in the number of new claims received

Adjusted net operating profit increased 26%, largely due to:

- 41% increase in operating segment adjusted EBIT
- An increase in adjusted income tax expense of US\$5.7 million
- Other expense of US\$2.2 million and gross interest expense of US\$4.0 million

¹ Includes AICF SG&A expenses and AICF interest income, net



RESULTS – FULL YEAR

Full Year Ended 31 March			
US\$ Millions	FY15	FY14	% Change
Net sales	1,656.9	1,493.8	11
Gross profit	578.8	506.4	14
SG&A expenses	(245.5)	(224.4)	(9)
Research & development expenses	(31.7)	(33.1)	4
Asbestos adjustments	33.4	(195.8)	
EBIT	335.0	53.1	·
Net interest expense	(7.5)	(1.1)	
Other (expense) income	(4.9)	2.6	
Income tax (expense) benefit	(31.3)	44.9	
Net operating profit	291.3	99.5	, ,

Summary

Net sales increased 11%, favorably impacted by:

- · Higher sales volumes; and
- Higher average net sales prices in the USA and Europe and Asia
 Pacific Fiber Cement segments

Gross profit margin increased 100 bps impacted by:

- · Higher volumes and average net sales prices
- Partially offset by higher input cots

SG&A expenses increased primarily due to:

- Higher compensation and discretionary expenses
- Higher realized losses on foreign currency transactions caused by the strengthening of the US dollar

Non-operating expenses:

- Interest expense increased due to the use of our debt facilities
- Other expenses reflect the impact of unrealized foreign exchange and interest rate swap losses
- Income tax expense increased primarily due to a reduction in the unfavorable asbestos adjustments and a non-recurring favorable tax adjustment in the prior period.

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RESULTS – FULL YEAR (continued)

Full Year Ended 31 March				
US\$ Millions	FY15	FY14	% Change	
Net operating profit	291.3	99.5		
Asbestos:				
Asbestos adjustments	(33.4)	195.8		
Other asbestos ¹	1.1	(8.0)		
New Zealand weathertightness claims	(4.3)	1.8		
Non-recurring stamp duty	4.2	-		
Asbestos and other tax adjustments	(37.5)	(99.1)	62	
Adjusted net operating profit	221.4	197.2	12	

Summary

Asbestos adjustments reflect:

- A US\$144.7 million favorable exchange rate difference as the AUD/USD exchange rate decreased 17% compared to a 12% decrease in the pcp.
- A US\$111.3 million unfavorable movement in the underlying actuarial valuation

New Zealand weathertightness moved from an expense to a benefit due to:

- · Favorable claims settlements
- Higher rate of claim resolution, fewer open claims and a continued reduction in the number of new claims received

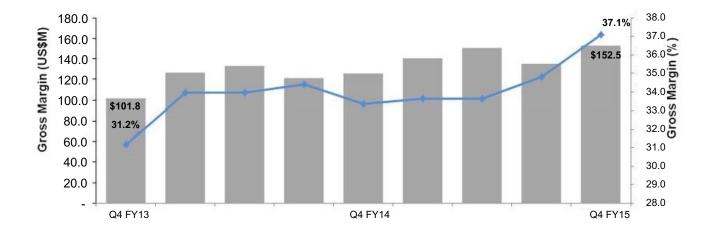
Adjusted net operating profit increased 12%, largely due to:

- · 20% increase in operating segment adjusted EBIT
- US\$14.6 million increase in adjusted tax expense
- Other expense of US\$7.5 million and gross interest expense of US\$5.8 million

James Hardie

¹ Includes AICF SG&A expenses and AICF interest income, net

GROSS PROFIT - GROUP



- Gross profit margins remain strong, expanding above primary demand growth rates
- · Price improvements continue as we execute on pricing strategies and reduce pricing inefficiencies
- Production costs are higher as a result of the higher market prices for pulp, gas and silica raw materials, however, as we continue to focus on cost management and operational excellence, plant performance remains on a positive trend line



INCOME TAX

Three Months and Full Year Ended 31 March

	Q4'15	Q4'14	FY15	FY14
Operating profit (loss) before taxes	7.6	(265.6)	322.6	54.6
Asbestos:				
Asbestos adjustments ¹	63.7	322.2	(32.3)	195.0
NZ weathertightness claims	(0.1)	1.1	(4.3)	1.8
Non-recurring stamp duty	4.2	-	4.2	-
Adjusted net operating profit	75.4	E7 7	200.2	254.4
before taxes	75.4	57.7	290.2	251.4
Adjusted income tax expense ²	(18.1)	(12.4)	(68.8)	(54.2)
Adjusted effective tax rate	24.0%	21.5%	23.7%	21.6%
Income tax benefit (expense)	20.1	78.8	(31.3)	44.9
Income taxes paid			35.6	11.6
Income taxes payable			1.8	5.4

- 23.7% adjusted effective tax rate (ETR) for the year
- Adjusted income tax expense and adjusted ETR increased due to a higher proportion of taxable earnings in jurisdiction with higher tax rates
- The difference between adjusted income tax expense and income tax expense decreased primarily due to lower asbestos and other tax adjustments
- Income taxes are paid and payable in Ireland, the US,
 Canada, New Zealand and the Philippines
- Income taxes are not currently paid or payable in Europe (excluding Ireland) or Australia due to tax losses. Australian tax losses primarily result from deductions relating to contributions to AICF

² Excludes tax effects of Asbestos and other tax adjustments



¹ Includes Asbestos adjustments, AICF SG&A expenses and AICF interest expense, net

CASHFLOW

(US\$ Millions)	FY 2015	FY 2014	Change (%
Net Income	291.3	99.5	
Asbestos related ¹	(33.0)	194.1	
Annual AICF contribution	(113.0)	-	
Depreciation & Amortization	70.9	61.4	15
Working Capital	(12.8)	31.3	
Other non-cash items	(23.9)	(63.5)	(62)
Cash Flow from Operations	179.5	322.8	(44)
Capital Expenditures ²	(277.9)	(114.7)	
Acquisition of a business	<u>-</u>	(4.1)	
Free Cash Flow	(98.4)	204.0	
Dividends Paid	(390.1)	(199.1)	(96)
Net proceeds from long-term debt	389.1	-	
Share related activities	(3.6)	12.8	
Free Cash Flow after Financing Activities	(103.0)	17.7	

- Net income increased US\$191.8 million compared to prior year
- Cash flow from operations includes US\$113.0 million contribution to AICF paid in Q2'15
- Higher use of working capital primarily driven by accounts payable and inventory:
 - · Interest payable on senior unsecured notes
 - · Inventory as the result of:
 - FY15 Fontana plant commissioning
 - · Inventory build for the anticipated demand in FY16
- Capital expenditures include plant capacity expansions and land and building purchases at Tacoma and Rosehill facilities
- US\$397.5 million gross debt position as of Q4'15

² Includes capitalized interest and proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment



¹ Includes Asbestos Adjustments and changes in asbestos-related assets and liabilities

FY15 KEY GLOBAL CAPEX PROJECTS

Project Description	Full Year FY15
Plant City, Florida - 4 th sheet machine and ancillary facilities	US\$46.4 million
Cleburne, Texas - 3 rd sheet machine and ancillary facilities	US\$24.7 million
Carole Park, Queensland - Capacity expansion project	US\$36.2 million
Tacoma, Washington - Land and buildings	US\$28.3 million
Rosehill, New South Wales - Land and buildings	US\$37.5 million
Total capacity expansion spend	US\$173.1 million

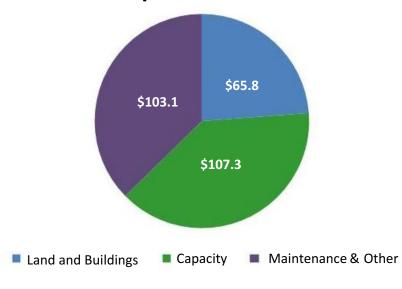






James Hardie

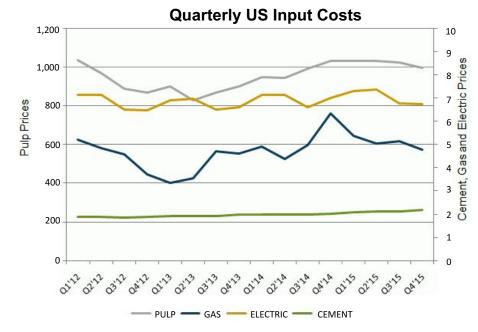
CAPEX Spend - Full Year FY15



- Continuing to invest in capacity expansion in the US and Australia
- Construction on brownfield capacity projects nearing completion:
 - Plant City, FL
 - Cleburne, TX
 - Carole Park, Australia
- Opportunistic land purchases completed at Tacoma (US) and Rosehill (Australia) sites
- Maintenance and other CAPEX consistent with historical trend

James Hardie

US INPUT COSTS



Discussion:

- Input costs have generally trended higher than the prior year
- The price of NBSK pulp reached its peak during the year, but has trended down slightly during the fourth quarter
- The cost of gas and electric for industrial users increased above their historical four year average in the current year
- We are engaged in effective sourcing strategies to reduce the impact of increasing market prices

The information underlying the table above is sourced as follows:

- Pulp Cost per ton from RISI
- Gas Cost per thousand cubic feet for industrial users from US Energy Information Administration
- Electric Cost per thousand kilowatt hour for industrial users from US Energy Information Administration
- Cement Relative index from the Bureau of Labor Statistics



ASBESTOS COMPENSATION

SUMMARY

- Updated actuarial report completed as at 31 March 2015
- Undiscounted and uninflated central estimate increased to US\$1.566 billion from US\$1.547 billion
- Total contributions of US\$113.0 million were made to AICF during FY2015 from our FY2014 free cash flow
- From the time AICF was established in February 2007, we have contributed A\$718.1 million to the fund*

*As at 31 March 2015



ASBESTOS FUND – PRO FORMA

Claims Data

For the quarter and full year ended 31 March 2015, we note the following related to asbestos claims:

	Full Year Ended 31 Marc		d 31 March
	FY15	FY14	% Change
Claims received	665	608	(9)
Actuarial estimate for the period	610	540	(13)
Difference in claims received to actuarial estimate	(55)	(68)	19
Average claim settlement ¹ (A\$)	254,000	253,000	
Actuarial estimate for the period ² (A\$)	289,000	262,000	(10)
Difference in claims paid to actuarial estimate	35,000	9,000	

- · Claims received during the full year were 9% above actuarial estimates and the prior period corresponding period
- · The higher reported mesothelioma claims experience noted during FY'14 has continued for the current full year
- · Average claim settlement is flat for the full year, compared to the prior corresponding period
- · Actual dollars paid in compensation was 4% above the full year actuarial estimate

This actuarial estimate is a function of the assumed experience by disease type and the relative mix of settlements assumed by disease type. Any variances in the assumed mix of settlements by disease type will have an impact on the average claim settlement experience.



Average claim settlement is derived as the total amount paid divided by the number of non-nil claim

ASBESTOS CASH MOVEMENTS FOR FULL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH

A\$ millions	
AICF cash and investments - 31 March 2014	65.5
Contribution to AFFA by James Hardie	119.9
Insurance recoveries	33.2
Loan Drawdowns	17.7
Loan Repayments	(51.0)
Interest income, net	1.6
Claims paid	(154.3)
Operating costs	(4.7)
Other	1.0
AICF cash and investments - 31 March 2015	28.9

On 1 July 2015, James Hardie contributed A\$81.1m to AICF in accordance with the AFFA.



DEFINITIONS AND OTHER TERMS

Definitions

Non-financial Terms

AFFA - Amended and Restated Final Funding Agreement

AICF - Asbestos Injuries Compensation Fund Ltd

<u>NBSK</u> – Northern Bleached Soft Kraft; the company's benchmark grade of pulp

<u>Legacy New Zealand weathertightness claims ("New Zealand weathertightness claims")</u> – Expenses arising from defending and resolving claims in New Zealand that allege poor building design, inadequate certification of plans, inadequate construction review and compliance certification and deficient work by sub-contractors



DEFINITIONS AND OTHER TERMS

Financial Measures - US GAAP equivalents

This document contains financial statement line item descriptions that are considered to be non-US GAAP, but are consistent with those used by Australian companies. Because the company prepares its Consolidated Financial Statements under US GAAP, the following table cross-references each non-US GAAP line item description, to the equivalent US GAAP financial statement line item description used in the company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results and Media Release

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (US GAAP)

Net sales

Cost of goods sold Gross profit

Selling, general and administrative expenses Research and development expenses Asbestos adjustments

EBIT*

Net interest income (expense)*
Other income (expense)

Operating profit (loss) before income taxes*

Income tax (expense) benefit

Net operating profit (loss)*

Net sales Cost of goods sold Gross profit

Selling, general and administrative expenses Research and development expenses Asbestos adjustments

Operating income (loss)

Sum of interest expense and interest income

Other income (expense)

Income (loss) before income taxes

Income tax (expense) benefit

Net income (loss)

*- Represents non-US GAAP descriptions used by Australian companies



DEFINITIONS AND OTHER TERMS

EBIT margin - EBIT margin is defined as EBIT as a percentage of net sales

Sales Volumes

mmsf - million square feet, where a square foot is defined as a standard square foot of 5/16" thickness

msf - thousand square feet, where a square foot is defined as a standard square foot of 5/16" thickness

Financial Ratios

Gearing Ratio - Net debt (cash) divided by net debt (cash) plus shareholders' equity

Net interest expense cover – EBIT divided by net interest expense (excluding loan establishment fees)

Net interest paid cover - EBIT divided by cash paid during the period for interest, net of amounts capitalised

Net debt payback – Net debt (cash) divided by cash flow from operations

Net debt (cash) - Short-term and long-term debt less cash and cash equivalents

Return on capital employed - EBIT divided by gross capital employed



Adjusted EBIT and Adjusted EBIT margin – Adjusted EBIT and Adjusted EBIT margin are not measures of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered to be more meaningful than EBIT and EBIT margin. Management has included these financial measures to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing its operating results in a manner that is focused on the performance of its ongoing operations and provides useful information regarding its financial condition and results of operations. Management uses these non-US GAAP measures for the same purposes.

US\$ Millions	Three N	Λοι	nths and Full	Ye	ar Ended 3	31 N	March
	Q4 FY15		Q4 FY14		FY15		FY14
EBIT	\$ 12.6	\$	(266.4)	\$	335.0	\$	53.1
Asbestos:							
Asbestos adjustments	63.5		322.0		(33.4))	195.8
AICF SG&A expenses	0.6		0.7		2.5		2.1
New Zealand weathertightness claims	(0.1))	1.1		(4.3)		1.8
Non-recurring stamp duty	4.2		- ,		4.2		-
Adjusted EBIT	80.8		57.4		304.0		252.8
Net sales	\$ 411.3	\$	376.4	\$	1,656.9	\$	1,493.8
Adjusted EBIT margin	19.6%)	15.3%	,	18.3%	,	16.9%



Adjusted net operating profit – Adjusted net operating profit is not a measure of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered to be more meaningful than net operating profit. Management has included this financial measure to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing its operating results in a manner that is focused on the performance of its ongoing operations. Management uses this non-US GAAP measure for the same purposes.

US\$ Millions	Three Months and Full Year Ended 31 March									
		Q4 FY15		Q4 FY14	FY15			FY14		
Net operating profit	\$	27.7	\$	(186.8)	\$	291.3	\$	99.5		
Asbestos:										
Asbestos adjustments		63.5		322.0		(33.4)		195.8		
AICF SG&A expenses		0.6		0.7		2.5		2.1		
AICF interest income, net		(0.4)		(0.5)		(1.4)		(2.9)		
New Zealand weathertightness claims		(0.1)		1.1		(4.3)		1.8		
Non-recurring stamp duty		4.2		-		4.2		-		
Asbestos and other tax adjustments		(38.2)		(91.2))	(37.5)		(99.1)		
Adjusted net operating profit	\$	57.3	\$	45.3	\$	221.4	\$	197.2		



Adjusted diluted earnings per share – Adjusted diluted earnings per share is not a measure of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered to be more meaningful than diluted earnings per share. Management has included this financial measure to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing its operating results in a manner that is focused on the performance of its ongoing operations. Management uses this non-US GAAP measure for the same purposes.

	Three Months and Full Year Ended 31 March									
	Q4 FY15	Q4 FY14	FY15	FY14						
Adjusted net operating profit (US\$ millions)	\$ 57.3	\$ 45.3	\$ 221.4	4 \$ 197.2						
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Diluted (millions)	446.4	445.8	446.4	444.6						
Adjusted diluted earnings per share (US cents)	13	10	50	44						



Adjusted effective tax rate on earnings – Adjusted effective tax rate on earnings is not a measure of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered to be more meaningful than effective tax rate. Management has included this financial measure to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing its operating results in a manner that is focused on the performance of its ongoing operations. Management uses this non-US GAAP measure for the same purposes.

US\$ Millions	Three Months and Full Year Ended March								
		Q4 FY15	(Q4 FY14		FY15		FY14	
Operating profit before income taxes	\$	7.6	\$	(265.6)	\$	322.6	\$	54.6	
Asbestos:									
Asbestos adjustments		63.5		322.0		(33.4))	195.8	
AICF SG&A expenses		0.6		0.7		2.5		2.1	
AICF interest expense, net		(0.4)		(0.5)		(1.4)		(2.9)	
New Zealand weathertightness claims		(0.1)		1.1		(4.3)		1.8	
Non-recurring stamp duty		4.2		-		4.2		=	
Adjusted operating profit before income taxes	\$	75.4	\$	57.7	\$	290.2	\$	251.4	
Income tax benefit (expense)	\$	20.1	\$	78.8	\$	(31.3	\$	44.9	
Asbestos-related and other tax adjustments		(38.2)		(91.2)		(37.5)	(99.1)	
Adjusted income tax (expense)	\$	(18.1)	\$	(12.4)	\$	(68.8	\$	(54.2)	
Effective tax rate		(264.5%)		29.7%		9.7%		(82.2%)	
Adjusted effective tax rate		24.0%		21.5%		23.7%	•	21.6%	



Adjusted EBITDA – is not a measure of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful than, income from operations, net income or cash flows as defined by US GAAP or as a measure of profitability or liquidity. Not all companies calculate Adjusted EBITDA in the same manner as James Hardie has and, accordingly, Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable with other companies. Management has included information concerning Adjusted EBITDA because it believes that this data is commonly used by investors to evaluate the ability of a company's earnings from its core business operations to satisfy its debt, capital expenditure and working capital requirements

US\$ Millions	TI	Three Months and Full Year Ended 31 March									
		Q4 FY15		Q4 FY14		FY15		FY14			
EBIT	\$	12.6	\$	(266.4)	\$	335.0	\$	53.1			
Depreciation and amortization		18.9		15.2		70.9		61.4			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	31.5	\$	(251.2)	\$	405.9	\$	114.5			



Adjusted selling, general and administrative expenses – Adjusted selling, general and administrative expenses is not a measure of financial performance under US GAAP and should not be considered to be more meaningful than selling, general and administrative expenses. Management has included these financial measures to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing its operating results in a manner that is focused on the performance of its ongoing operations and provides useful information regarding its financial condition and results of operations. Management uses these non-US GAAP measures for the same purposes.

US\$ Millions	Three Months and Full Year Ended 31 March							ch
	(Q4 FY15		Q4 FY14		FY15		FY14
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	68.8	\$	61.9	\$	245.5	\$	224.4
Excluding:								
New Zealand weathertightness claims benefit (expense)		0.1		(1.1)		4.3		(1.8)
AICF SG&A expenses		(0.6)		(0.7)		(2.5)		(2.1)
Non-recurring stamp duty		(4.2)		-		(4.2)		-
Adjusted selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	64.1	\$	60.1	\$	243.1	\$	220.5
Net Sales	\$	411.3	\$	376.4	\$	1,656.9	\$	1,493.8
Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales		16.7%		16.4%		14.8%		15.0%
Adjusted selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales		15.6%		16.0%		14.7%	,	14.8%





INVESTOR PRESENTATION

JULY 2015